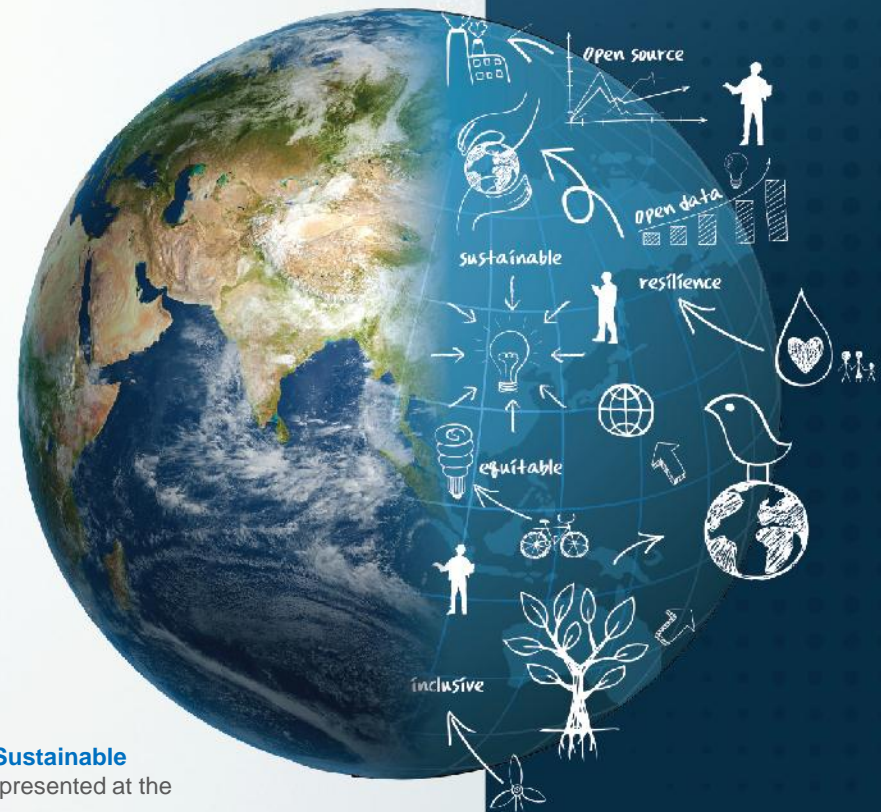


Open Source GIS for Rapid Urban Growth and Land Management

DATE | October 5, 2015

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Spatial Information Office
Korea Land and Housing Corporation(LH)



This presentation is based on **“FOSS4G for Rapidly Urbanizing Cities and UN Sustainable Development Goals(SDGs); SDG 11 Cities and Human Settlement”** which was presented at the FOSS4G Seoul 2105 UN special session.

CONTENTS

- 1 | SDG and Open Source GIS**
- 2 | Benefit of FOSS4G in urban field**
- 3 | FOSS4G for rapidly urbanizing cities & Land Management**
- 4 | What can we do for the future?**





#1

SDG and Open Source GIS

Planet earth and UN SDG

- From 7 UN Millennium Development Goals(MDGs) to **17 UN Sustainable Development Goals(SDGs)**
- Achieving the sustainable, inclusive, resilient and equitable planet earth through the UN SDG until 2030
- What is needed to achieve the UN SDG goals and how to achieve the goals
- SDGs are goals both for developing and developed countries
- Open source and open data can contribute the worldwide SDG goals





- **SDSN(Sustainable Development Solution Network) report**
Geographic detail, disaggregated by geography
- **Rio + 20 Outcome document**

“The future we want” specify
the Recognized
the importance of

“Space technology based data in situ, meaning and
reliable geospatial information for sustainable development,
policy making, programming and project operation”

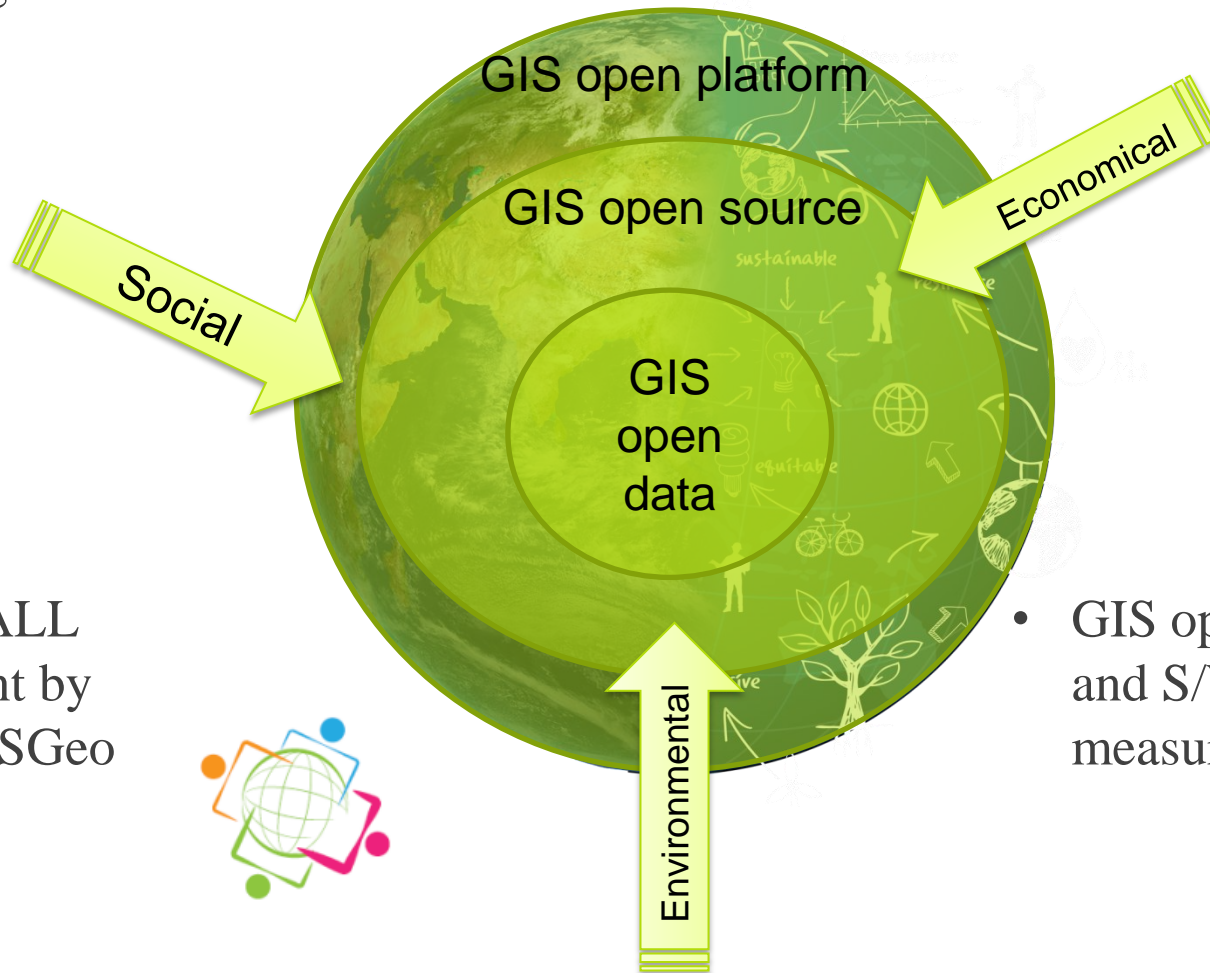


Possible use of Open Source GIS



- Role of ICT as tools for achieving SDGs

- ODA and ICT for bilateral and multilateral development cooperation



- Geo for ALL movement by ICA & OSGeo initiative

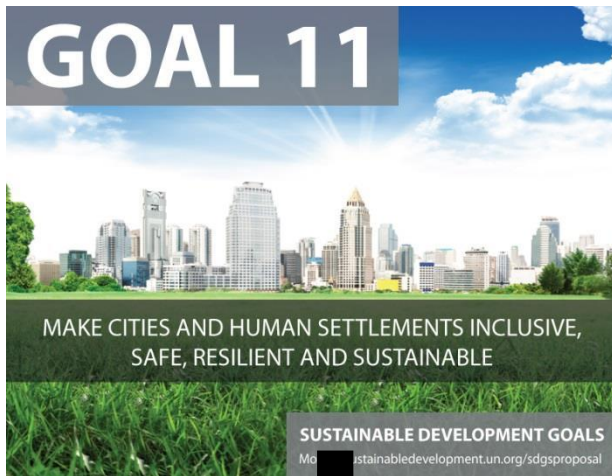
- GIS open source data and S/W competing measures for SDGs



#2

Benefits of FOSS4G in Urban Field

UN SDG #11 plus SDG #9 ► Urban SDG



Sub Goals

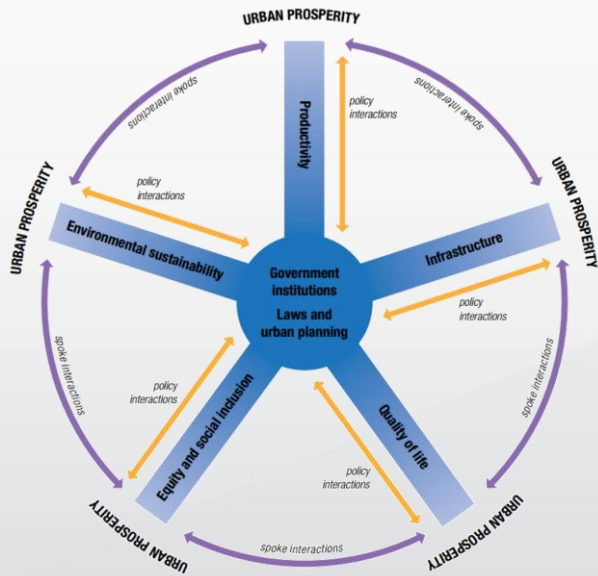
- 11.1 Affordable housing ,
- 11.2 sustainable transport systems
- 11.3 Human settlement planning
- 11.4 Cultural and natural heritage
- 11.5 Decrease disaster
- 11.6 Environmental impact of cities
- 11.7 Green and public spaces
- 11.a Nat’nl & regional dev. planning
- 11.b Hyogo Framework
- 11.c Sustainable & resilient buildings



Sub Goals

- 9.1 Resilient infrastructure
- 9.2 Sustainable industrialization
- 9.3 Access of small-scale industrial
- 9.4 Upgrade infrastructure
- 9.5 enhance scientific research
- 9.a Resilient infrastructure dev.
- 9.b Domestic technology dev.
- 9.c Increase access to ICT

Urban initiatives and Indicators



The wheel of urban prosperity (UN Habitat, 2012)

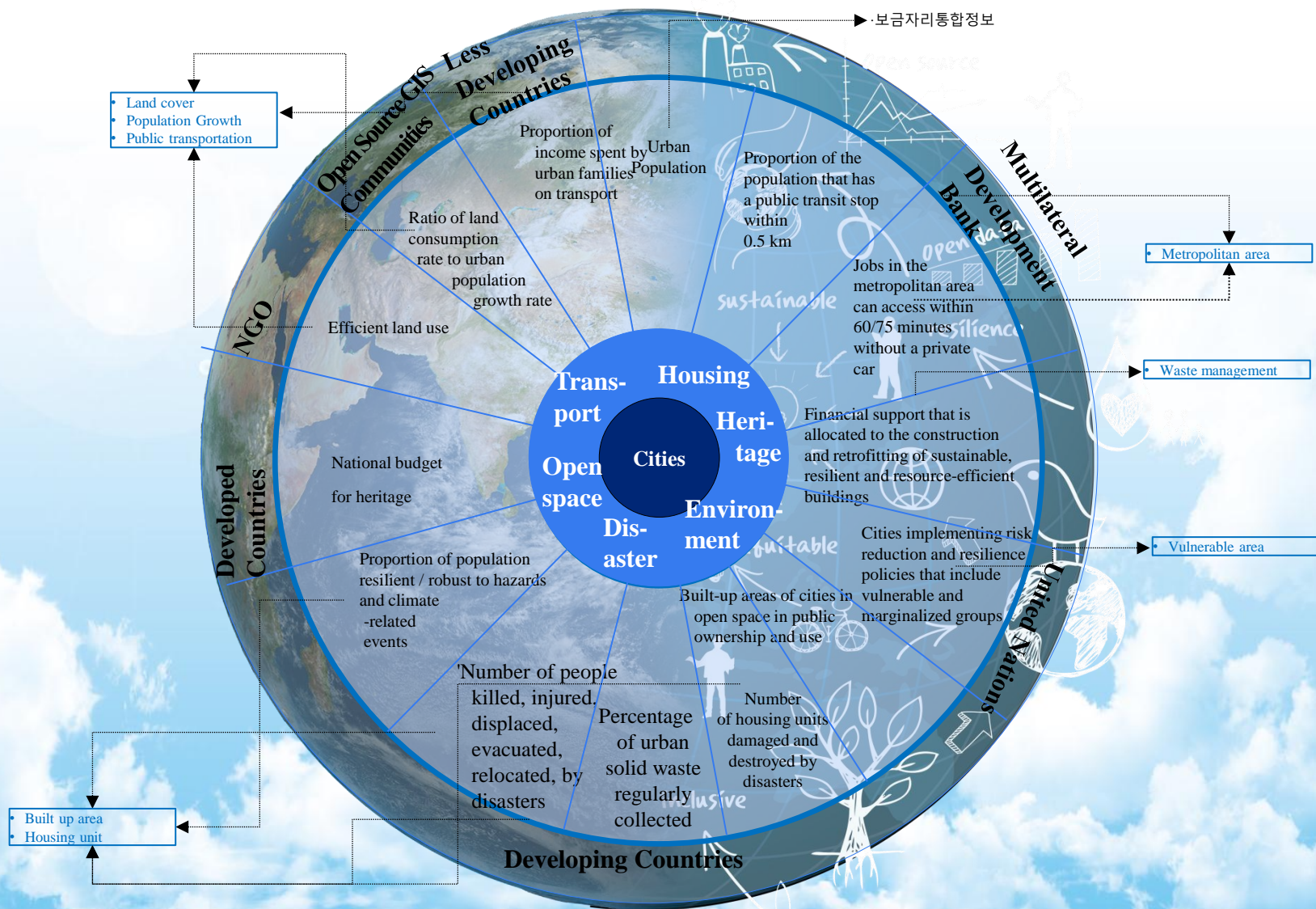


Emerging Sustainable Cities Initiative(www.iadb.org)

- Measurable Indicators matter for spatially related issues
- Urban SDGs need Measurable Indicators

Measurability

Quantifying the indicators using GIS



GIS Open Source S/W & Data



- **Comprehensively collecting various field's time series spatial data**

population, housing, land cover, environmental, ecological, infrastructure, river etc.

- **Open data accessibility**

Any one can access and it needs a accountability in case of public domain data

- **Easy work orchestration with open source data and FOSS4G**

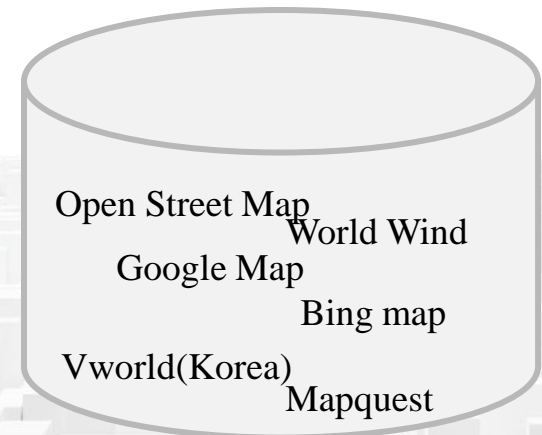
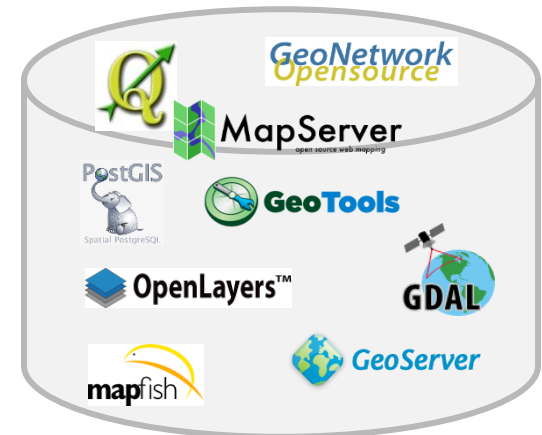
Disaggregated analysis, combine text data like statistics

- **Weak data infrastructure form spatial information divide of developing countries**

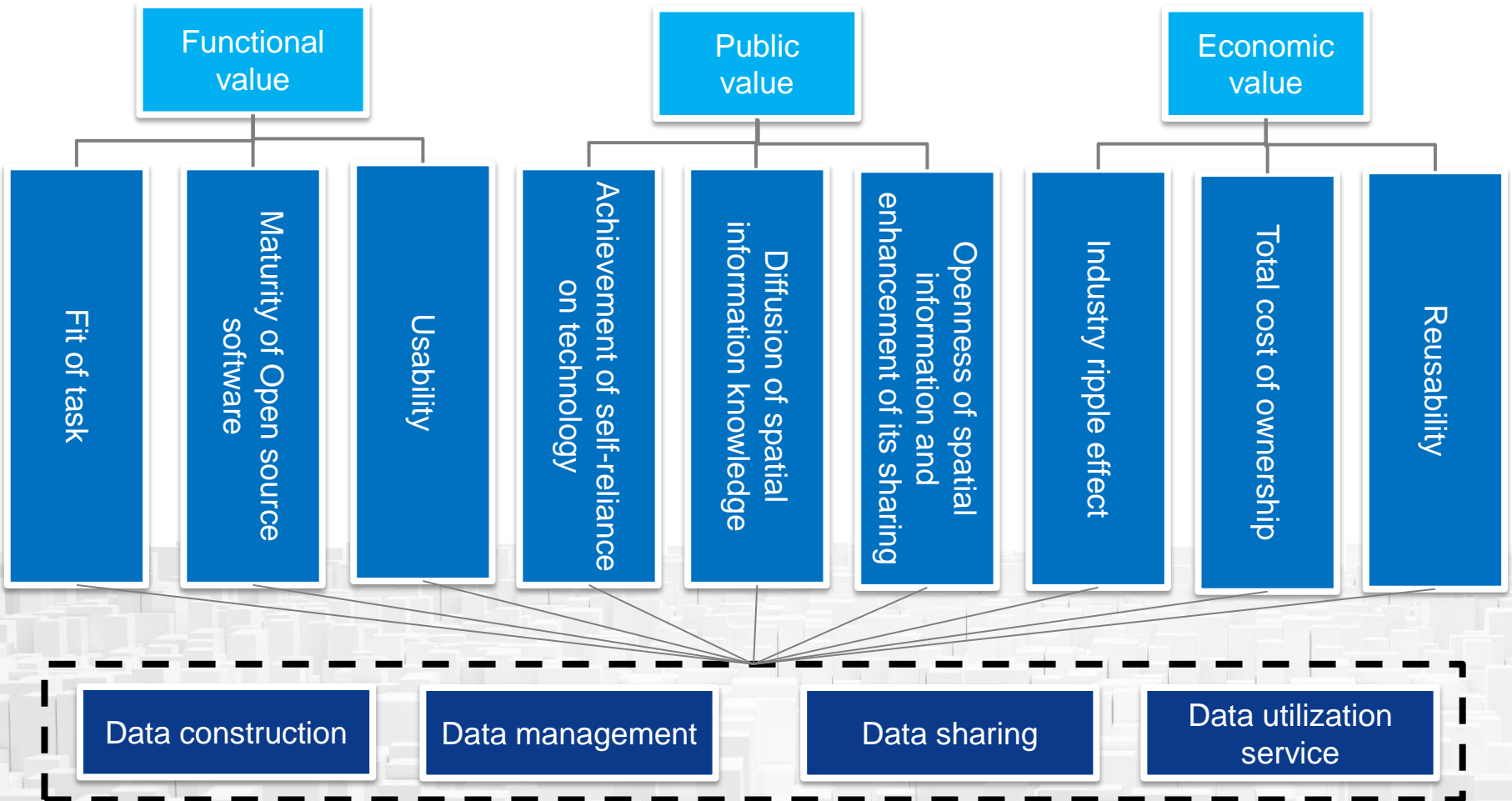
Use of remotely sensed data in those countries

- **Solutions to technological issues**

Standardizations like coordinate systems and data



Benefits of application in Urban Field





#3

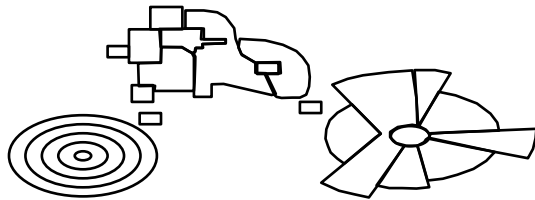
FOSS4G for Rapidly Urbanizing Cities and Land Management

Rapidly urbanizing cities



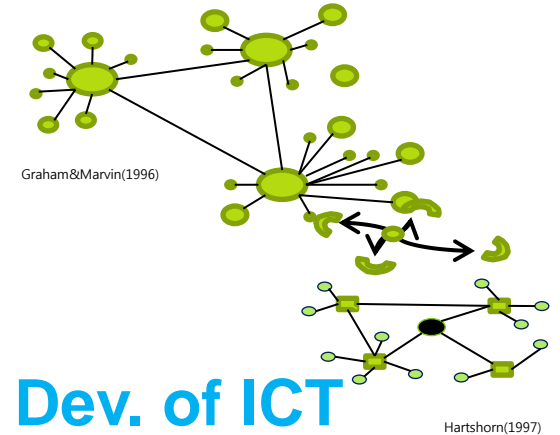
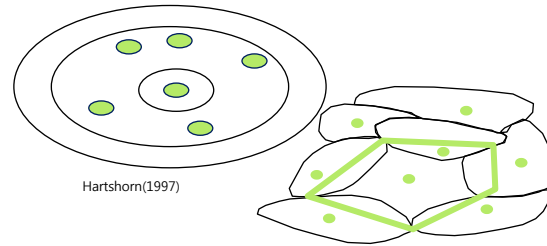
Traditional urban structure

- Concentrated to a urban core
- Multinuclei,



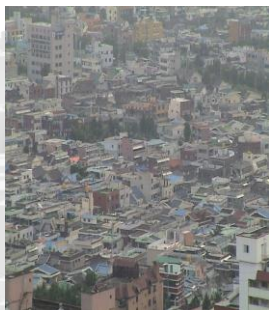
Motorization

- Suburbanization
- Urban-region



Dev. of ICT

- Decentralized, Decentralized concentration, etc.
- Urban network



Housing Shortage



Transportation



Disaster/ Crime



Environmental pollution



Energy



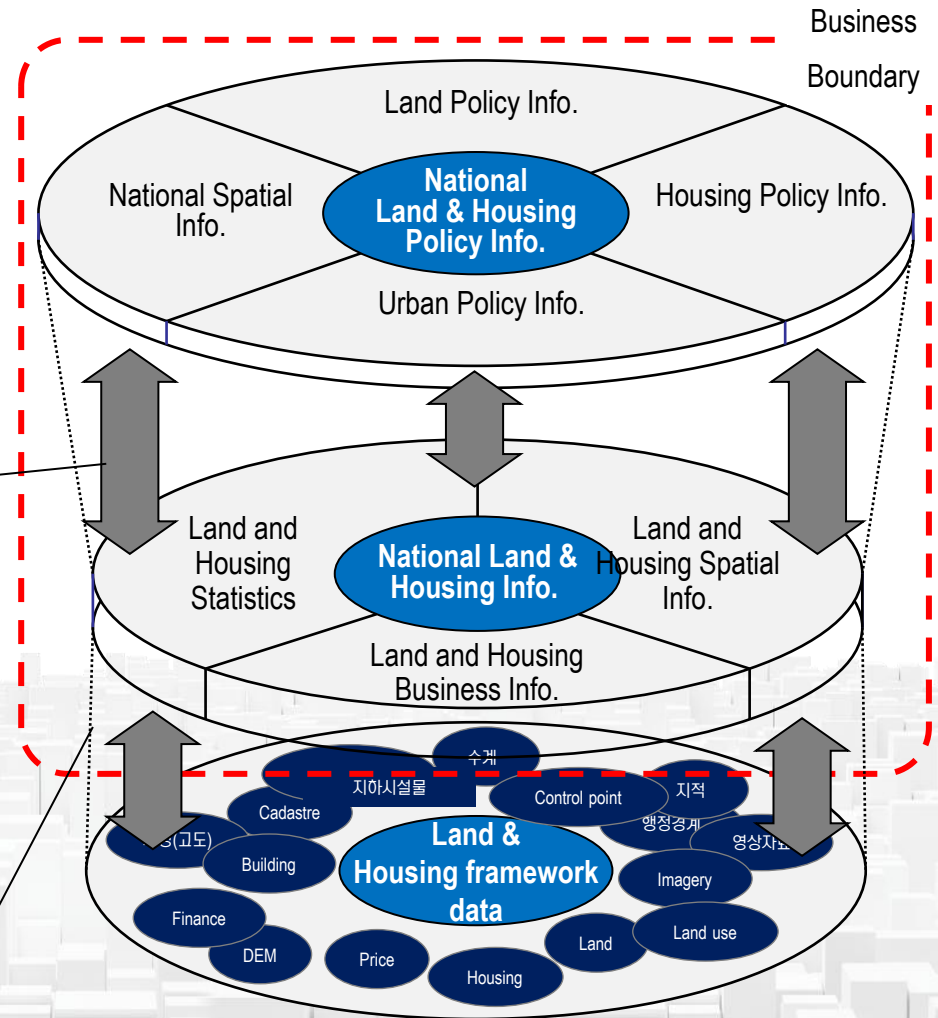
Community Spirit

Urban field Application – Korean Case



- **Land and Housing Policy support Systems**
 - **National Spatial policy Information** : National Spatial Data Infrastructure(NSDI) system, GIS based integrated building information, Spatial Big Data system(on-going) etc.
 - **Land Policy Information** : Korea Land Information System(KLIS), Real estate Transaction Management System(RTMS), Land for Housing information system, Onnara Real Estate Information Portal, etc.
 - **Housing Policy Information** : internet based Architecture Information System(e-AIS), Housing supply statistics information system, Bogeumjari housing integrated information system, Rental housing information system, Housing allowance information system, etc.
 - **Urban Policy Information** : Urban Planning Information System(UPIS), Land suitability assessment, Restricted Development Zone Management Information System(RDZMIS), Land Use Regulation Information System(LURIS), factory location support system, etc.

- **Land and Housing Information**
 - Land and Housing Spatial Information
 - Land and Housing Business Information
 - Land and Housing Statistics



Tacking issues with GIS and Big data



Could Big Data provide alternative measures for poverty and welfare?

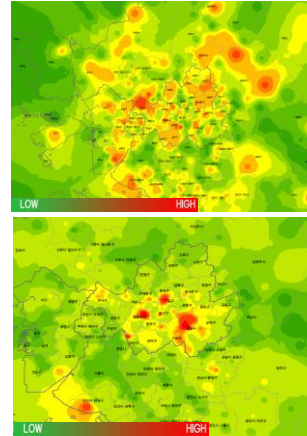
Affordable Housing demand

Mobile phone data & Consumer credit scoring data

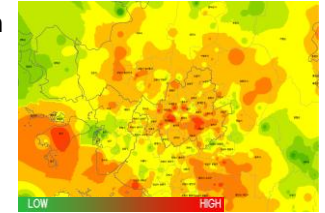


Low income group

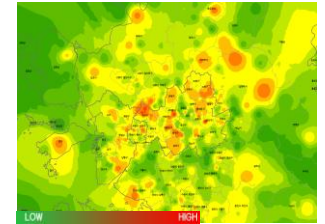
Someone who is just starting out in a career



Senior citizen households

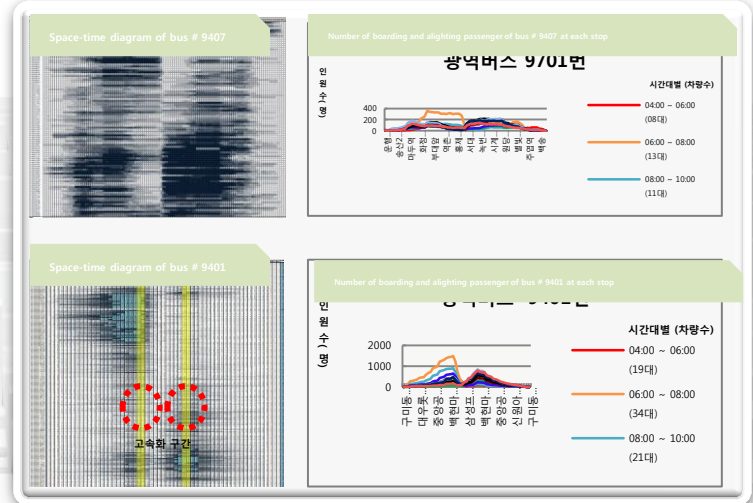
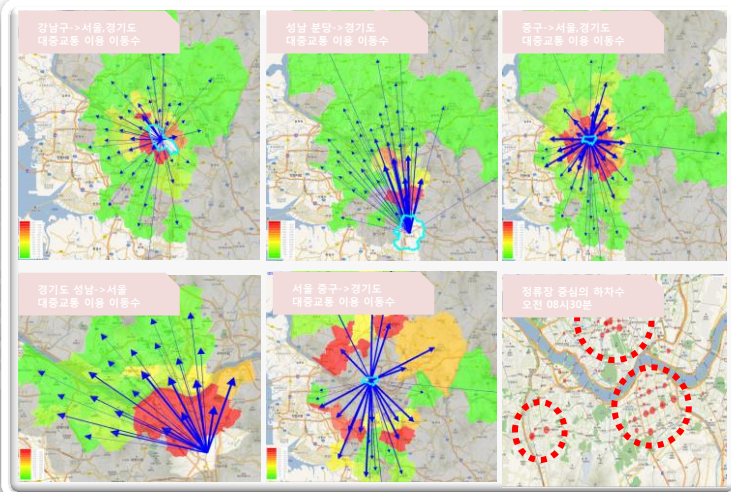


University student



Mass transit planning

Transportation smart card





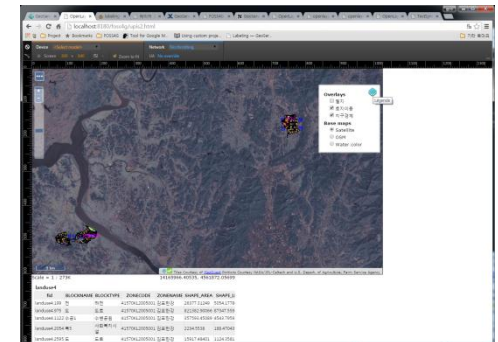
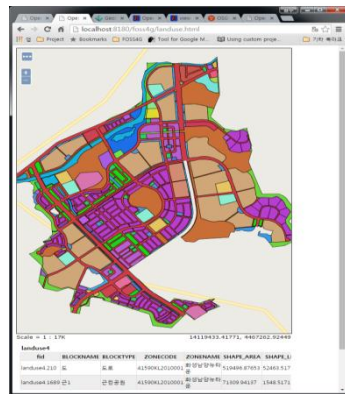
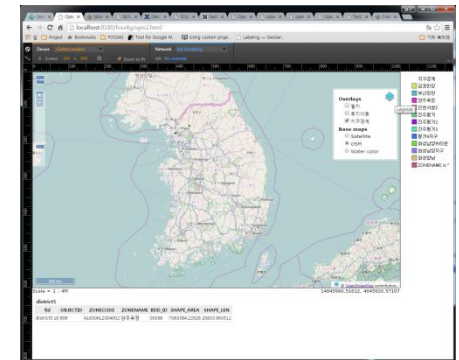
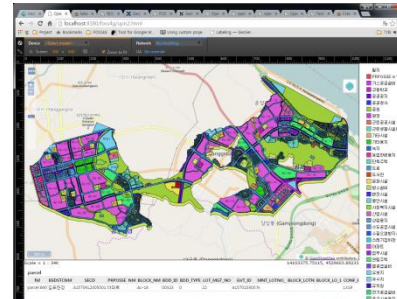
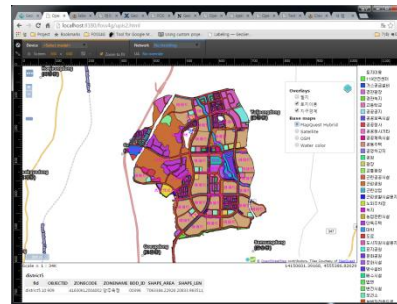
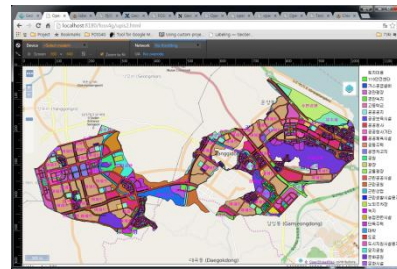
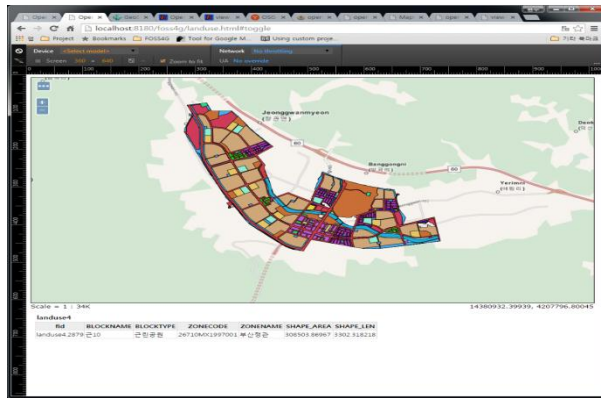
	Some Project	Data	Interface	Open Source Applied					Spatial data processing tech.
				Client	Server	DBMS	LIB	Framework	
Urban Infra	Water supply network management system of a Korean local gov.	Raster/ Vector	WMS/WFS	Open layers2	Geo Server	MySQL	Geotools	→	Processing and representation of line data using Geotools, need additional data handling like insert water supply network
	Hazardous material safety transportation management system of a Korean gov.	Raster(Open API)	WMS, Vector using native coding	Open layers2		MySQL		→	Link external data using Open API which is needed to monitor the hazardous vehicle
Urban Environment	Geobolivia		WMS, WFS, WCS, CWS, T-WFS	Mapbuilder, Intermap, Kamap, Openlayers	Geo Server, MapServer, Deegree, Geonetwork	PostGIS, MySQL			
	Online What If Planning Support System				Geo Server	PostgreSQL, PostGIS, Couch DB	Geotools	→	Computing Fire Behavior Using selecting fuel models, adjusting and conditioning the fuel to the environment and computing the "fine" fuel moisture content based on solar heating combined with the cooling effect of wind
Urban Analysis	Wildfire management tool(WMT), World Wind project		REST	WebGL, Globe	WMT REST Service 2)	MySQL	Web World S OI, RequireJS, JQuery, Prime-UI, Bootstrap	Word Wind	
	Word Bank PUMA 1)	Google map		Google Maps API, Openlayers2, ExtJS	Pycsw(OGC CSW Server Implementation)			Geonode	

1) PUMA: Platform for Urban Management and Analysis
 2) CPS internally uses WMS Map Servers, USGS Landfire Servers, etc.

Pilot study



- Land use for new town development by Korean Land and Housing corp.
- Accessible and analyzable to open data like Open Street Map, Bing map, etc.





#4

What can we do for the future

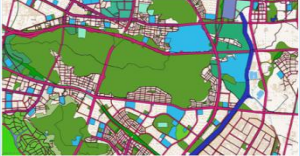


Provide alternative urban spatial measures between regions

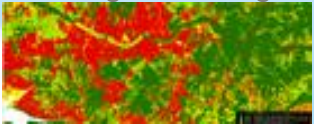
Dev. Restricted Zone



Urban Plan Information



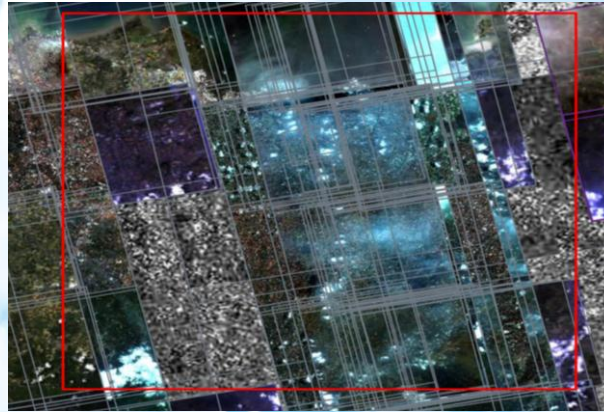
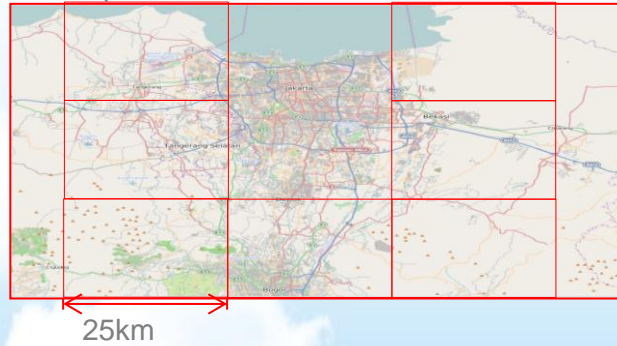
Ecological zoning



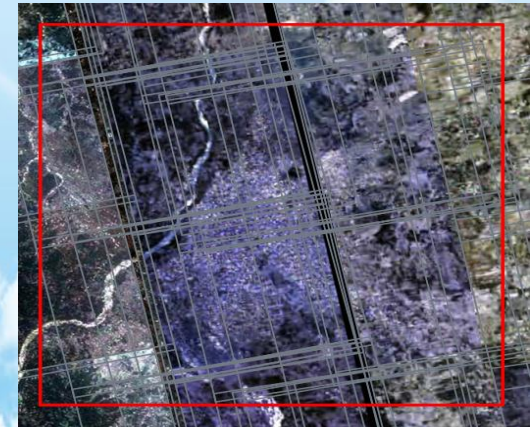
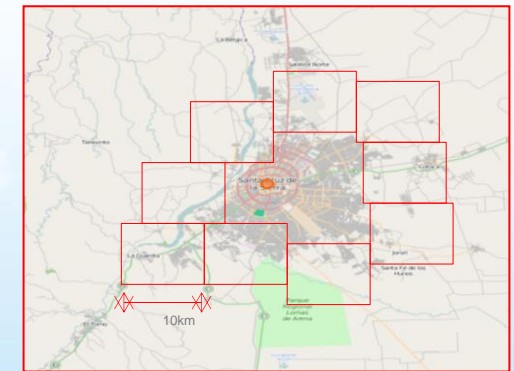
Level of public transit supply



Sprawl around Jakarta Metropolitan Area, Indonesia



Sprawl around Santa Cruz, Bolivia



Base map : Open street map
Imagery: arirang.kari.re.kr

Smart Cities, Open Standard



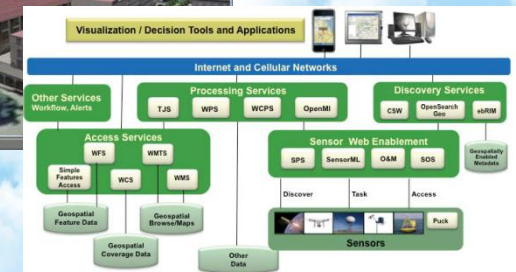
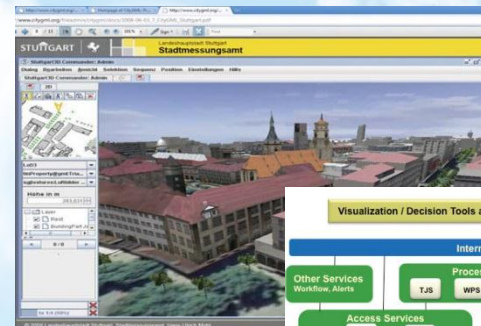
<OGC Smart Cities Spatial Information Framework>

- **ISO/DIS 37120 Sustainable development and resilience of communities Indicators for city services and quality of life**
 - Economy, Education, Energy, Environment, Recreation, Safety, Shelter, Solid waste, Telecommunications and innovation, Finance, Fire and emergency response, Governance, Health, Transportation, Urban planning, Wastewater, Water and sanitation

Location is primary method for organizing Smart City Services

- **Smart Cities and Spatial technologies**

- Framework for authoritative data → CitGML and GML Coverages(IndoorGML, InfraGML)
- Access and processing of geospatial information → OGC service-oriented architecture

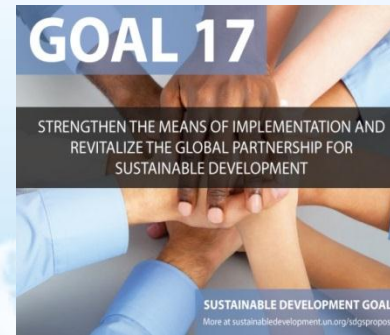


Cooperation to implement the tasks

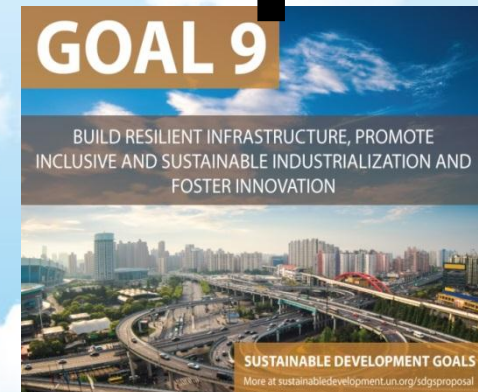
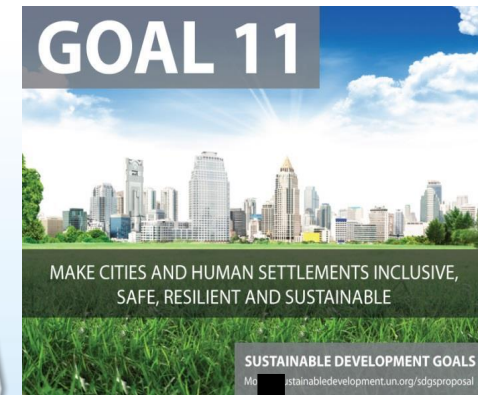


- **Cooperation of stakeholders**

- ✓ Working group: United Nations(Geospatial information dept., UN-HABIT, etc.), Governments, MDBs such as WB, ADB, IDB, etc.
- ✓ Trust fund : Money for the action



Supportive goals



“Realization of Urban SDGs using the geographically disaggregated spatial measurements”

Urban SDGs can be achieved using the open, free and affordable spatial technologies, Open Source GIS or Free Open Source for Geospatial

THANK YOU

